

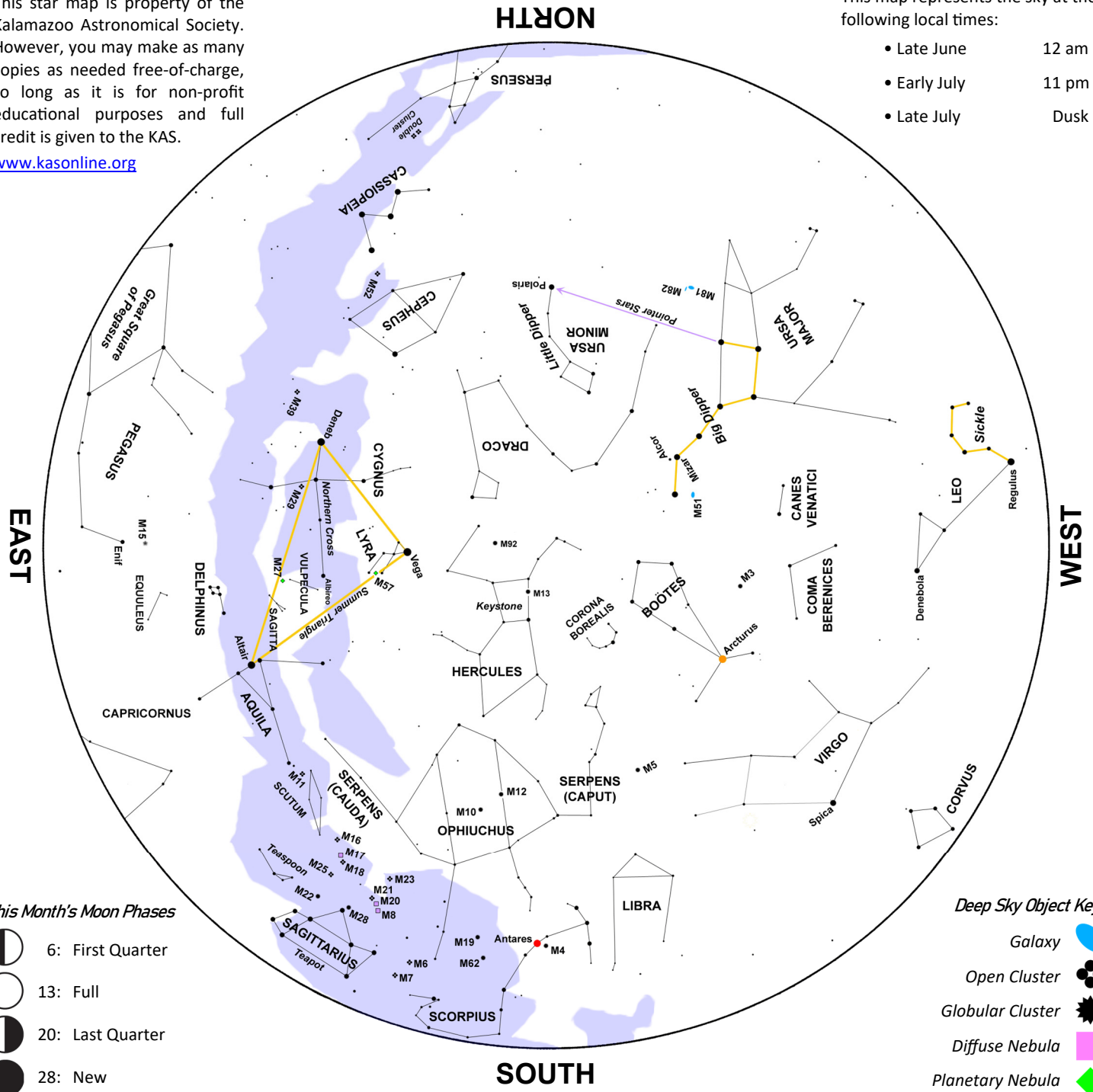
# July Night Sky

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This map represents the sky at the following local times:






- Late June 12 am
- Early July 11 pm
- Late July Dusk



### This Month's Moon Phases

-  6: First Quarter
-  13: Full
-  20: Last Quarter
-  28: New

### Deep Sky Object Key

-  Galaxy
-  Open Cluster
-  Globular Cluster
-  Diffuse Nebula
-  Planetary Nebula

Look for a waxing gibbous Moon  $2^\circ$  to the upper left of red-orange supergiant star Antares, the heart of Scorpius, on the evening of July 10<sup>th</sup>. View the pairing with binoculars and see if you can spot the globular cluster M4, located just over  $1^\circ$  to the west of Antares.

Early risers on July 17<sup>th</sup> can enjoy Venus, Aldebaran (in Taurus), Mars, Jupiter, a

waning gibbous Moon, and Saturn on parade above the southeastern horizon. Enjoy this sight shortly before dawn breaks.

The Moon and Jupiter are  $3^\circ$  apart in the hours before dawn on July 19<sup>th</sup>. This time, when viewing them with binoculars, see how many of the Galilean moons you can spot. On July 21<sup>st</sup>, the Moon visits Mars. The two are about  $2\frac{1}{2}^\circ$  apart.

A slightly different arrangement of solar system objects greets early risers on July 24<sup>th</sup>. This time we find Venus, a waning crescent Moon, Mars, Jupiter, and Saturn all in a long line before sunrise.

A thin crescent Moon, just 2 days before new, and Venus are about  $3\frac{1}{2}^\circ$  apart in Gemini at dawn on July 26<sup>th</sup>. Viewing the pair together in binoculars is a must!